

| STUDY MODULE DESCRIPTION FORM | | |
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| Name of the module/subject Computer Science | | Code 1011101411011160390 |
| Field of study Logistics - Full-time studies - First-cycle studies | Profile of study (general academic, practical) (brak) | Year /Semester 1 / 1 |
| Elective path/specialty - | Subject offered in: Polish | Course (compulsory, elective) obligatory |
| Cycle of study: First-cycle studies | Form of study (full-time, part-time) full-time | |
| No. of hours Lecture: 15 Classes: - Laboratory: 15 Project/seminars: - | | No. of credits 2 |
| Status of the course in the study program (Basic, major, other) (brak) | | (university-wide, from another field) (brak) |
| Education areas and fields of science and art technical sciences | | ECTS distribution (number and %) 2 100% |
| Responsible for subject / lecturer: dr Ryszard Danecki email: Ryszard.Danecki@put.poznan.pl tel. (+4861)6653388 Faculty of Engineering Management Strzelecka Str. 11, 60-965 Poznań | | |
| Prerequisites in terms of knowledge, skills and social competencies: | | |
| 1 | Knowledge | Basic knowledge of secondary school. |
| 2 | Skills | Basic computer literacy. |
| 3 | Social competencies | Able to work in computer laboratory group. |
| Assumptions and objectives of the course: -Students should be made familiar with algorithmic thinking, the ways algorithms are developed and coded in programming languages. They should be able to design and implement simple algorithms in modern development environment. They should be provided with the introduction to computer science disciplines the most relevant to further study of logistics. | | |
| Study outcomes and reference to the educational results for a field of study | | |
| Knowledge: 1. Student is able to explain what is an algorithm and how it is converted into a computer program. Knows the evolution of programming languages and its impact on programming efficiency. Understands the issue of computational complexity of exact algorithms and the role of heuristic and simulation methods. Understands the basic terminology of net oriented application programs. - [(T1A_W02) K1A_W09] 2. Has a preliminary knowledge of data structures for scheduling and discrete optimization problems in logistics. - [(T1A_W02) K1A_W10] 3. Is able to characterize shortly parts of computer science important for logistics and operations research. - [(InzA_W05) KInzA_W05] | | |
| Skills: 1. Is able to design and analyze flowcharts of algorithms and explain how they work. - [T1A_U05 K1A_U05] 2. Is able to generate in Visual Basic a graphical user interface for simple application, and to program simple engineering task. - [(T1A_W02) K1A_W10] 3. Is able to define decision making problem in the way appropriate for further computerized solution. - [(T1A_U09) K1A_U09 i (T1A_U14) K1A_U14] | | |
| Social competencies: 1. Is aware of computer data security and the interests and rights of their users. - [(T1A_K02) K1A_K02] | | |

| Assessment methods of study outcomes | | |
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| -Practical programming tests in laboratories. Home assignments in algorithm design. | | |
| Course description | | |
| -The general knowledge of computer science disciplines relevant to logistics. The notion of algorithm, flowchart and pseudo code. The evolution of programming languages with the emphasis on structural and object oriented languages. Structural control instructions. The GUI objects. Event driven applications. The general structure on net oriented applications. Computational complexity of discrete optimization problems. The role of heuristics and simulation programming. | | |
| Basic bibliography: | | |
| 1. Visual Basic - Microsoft Corporation Programmer's Guides and Manuals 2. The Internet resources for Visual Basic programmers | | |
| Additional bibliography: | | |
| 1. David Harel, Yishai Feldman, Algorithmics: The Spirit of Computing , Springer Verlag 2012 2. Jack Purdum, Visual Basic .NET Primer Plus, SAMS Publishing 2007 | | |
| Result of average student's workload | | |
| Activity | Time (working hours) | |
| 1. Participation in lectures | 15 | |
| 2. Attendance and active participation in laboratory exercises | 15 | |
| 3. Preparation for the final credits | 15 | |
| 4. Home assignments | 5 | |
| Student's workload | | |
| Source of workload | hours | ECTS |
| Total workload | 50 | 2 |
| Contact hours | 30 | 1 |
| Practical activities | 15 | 1 |